



GL #206 BOOKLET

INTERPRETATION OF THE RITUAL OF THE THIRD DEGREE



1. The Third Degree, by its nature, is the finalization of the learning process in Masonry.
a. True b. False
2. The Third Degree can be interpreted as both a dying and a rising again.
a. True b. False
3. Evil may take two forms in our daily life. It can be brought by our own acts or by no fault of our own.
a. True b. False
4. The drama of the Third Degree depicts evil in the form of tragedy.
a. True b. False
5. The greatest enemy is the evil which makes war upon good and man himself.
a. True b. False
6. By raising our Spirit to the level of happiness indicates a person has attained perfection in his earthly life.
a. True b. False
7. The secrets and teachings of the Fraternity will be understood within a short time after receiving the Third Degree.
a. True b. False
8. The symbolism of the Third Degree is the building of the Temple.
a. True b. False
9. The trowel symbolizes an instrument to lay the cement of Brother Love.
a. True b. False
10. The tragedy of Hiram Abiff is the climax of all the ceremonies of Masonry.
a. True b. False
11. In the earliest period of Judaism, the Holy name of God was never spoken above a whisper.
a. True b. False
12. The principle teaching of the Third Degree is, if a man is lost in sin, passion and lust, he can be saved with the help of God and of the Brotherhood and rise again into a new life.
a. True b. False
13. The working tools of a Master Mason are all the implements of Masonry.
a. True b. False

14. One of the secrets of the Masonic life is that we grow by what we do for ourselves infinitely more than what others do for us.
a. True b. False
15. In the three pillars we have the three great ideas of Faith, Hope and Charity.
a. True b. False
16. The first three steps of the stairway in the Fellowcraft Degree reminds us of youth, manhood and old age.
a. True b. False
17. The book of Constitutions represents the rules and regulations as set forth by the Grand Lodge of England.
a. True b. False
18. Next to sinfulness the most dangerous enemy of life is laziness.
a. True b. False
19. The central teaching of the Master Mason Degree is that there is a way to recover from past sins by finding again his Faith in God for the power of God and the power of the Brotherhood are there for him.
a. True b. False
20. You can find the duties, privileges and rights of a Master Mason listed in the Florida Digest of Masonic Law.
a. True b. False
21. A Master Mason's first duty is to live up to his Obligation.
a. True b. False
22. If a Mason willfully remains unaffiliated with a Lodge for a period of a year, he is not entitled to visitation to any Lodge.
a. True b. False
23. If a Master Mason moves to a location some distance from his Lodge, he must transfer his Membership to a Lodge closest to his new location.
a. True b. False
24. Visiting Lodges is a right and privilege which each Master Mason may execute without question.
a. True b. False
25. The Worshipful Master can refuse to admit a visitor into the Lodge Room.
a. True b. False
26. A visitor must undergo examination whenever he visits a Lodge.
a. True b. False
27. Every Lodge and Mason is under obligation to heed the call for relief by a Brother Mason.
a. True b. False

28. If a member asks his Lodge for Dimit, it must be issued if he is clear on the books.
a. True b. False
29. A Mason found guilty of unmasonic conduct by his Lodge may appeal the verdict to the Grand Lodge.
a. True b. False
30. Every Master Mason has the right for a Masonic Burial.
a. True b. False
31. The Master Mason's family must request the Lodge to conduct the Service.
a. True b. False
32. The ballot box is often called Freemasonry's sentinel.
a. True b. False
33. When a ballot is held on a petitioner the only question to be decided by the ballot is if he is qualified to become a Mason.
a. True b. False
34. One of the first and most important lessons a Mason is taught is that of toleration.
a. True b. False
35. If you, as a Mason, heard rumors that a petitioner might be having problems at his work place, you would be obligated to reject him at the ballot box..
a. True b. False
36. Authority to confer the Degrees of Masonry is issued by the Grand Lodge of Florida by virtue of the Lodge Charter.
a. True b. False
37. If a member is present during a ballot and is unsure as to how he should cast his ballot he may Abstain from the vote.
a. True b. False
38. If a person lives in a city which has several Lodges, he must petition the Lodge closest to his residence.
a. True b. False
39. It might be said that the Worshipful Master of a Lodge is its "Executive Officer."
a. True b. False
40. The Senior Warden assumes all the responsibilities and duties of the Lodge in the absence of the Worshipful Master.
a. True b. False
41. The Secretary receives all monies paid to the Lodge.
a. True b. False

42. The Treasurer is authorized to pay all bills of the Lodge when they are received.
a. True b. False
43. The Tyler guards the outer and inner door of the Lodge.
a. True b. False
44. Stated Communication dates are contained within the Lodge By-Laws.
a. True b. False
45. The Degrees of Masonry can only be held at a called communication.
a. True b. False
46. A person cannot petition for the Degrees of Masonry unless he has resided in the State for a period of six months.
a. True b. False
47. A petition is received by the Lodge at a Stated Communication and is referred to an Investigations Committee who must make a report in writing.
a. True b. False
48. The principal income of a Lodge is derived from dues, assessments and initiation fees.
a. True b. False
49. The Lodge must pay a Per Capita fee to the Grand Lodge for each regular member annually.
a. True b. False